

CommonVolumeShader: Simple and Portable Specification of Volumetric Light Transport in X3D

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Introduction

Motivation



- Why model volumetric light transport?
 - Gives many materials their characteristic look





- X3D has little support for local volumetric phenomena
- Fog
 - Not local
 - Not terribly accurate
- Volume Rendering Component
 - No arbitrary shapes
 - Intended for stylized rendering
- Shaders
 - Low portability (even worse than for surfaces)



- Want a VolumeShader with these properties
 - Captures most common effects well
 - Attach to polygonal geometry (Shape/Appearance)
 - Complementary to (and compatible with) CommonSurfaceShader
 - Portable
 - Compact specification
 - Easy to implement
 - Physically-based



- CommonVolumeShader
 - Inspired by CommonSurfaceShader
 - Satisfies aforementioned requirements
 - (well, some more than others...)
 - Maybe it's not that 'easy to implement'

Our Proposal

VolumeShader Node



```
VolumeShader : X3DShaderNode {  
    [...]  
}
```

- Group all declarative volume shader nodes
- Why derive from X3DShaderNode?
 - Can be assigned to Appearance
 - Can combine with CommonSurfaceShader
 - Selection mechanism

Our Proposal

CommonVolumeShader Node



- VolumeShader impl. for common materials
- Composed of three components:
 - Emission
 - Absorption
 - Scattering
- Enough to capture most materials

Our Proposal

CommonVolumeShader Fields

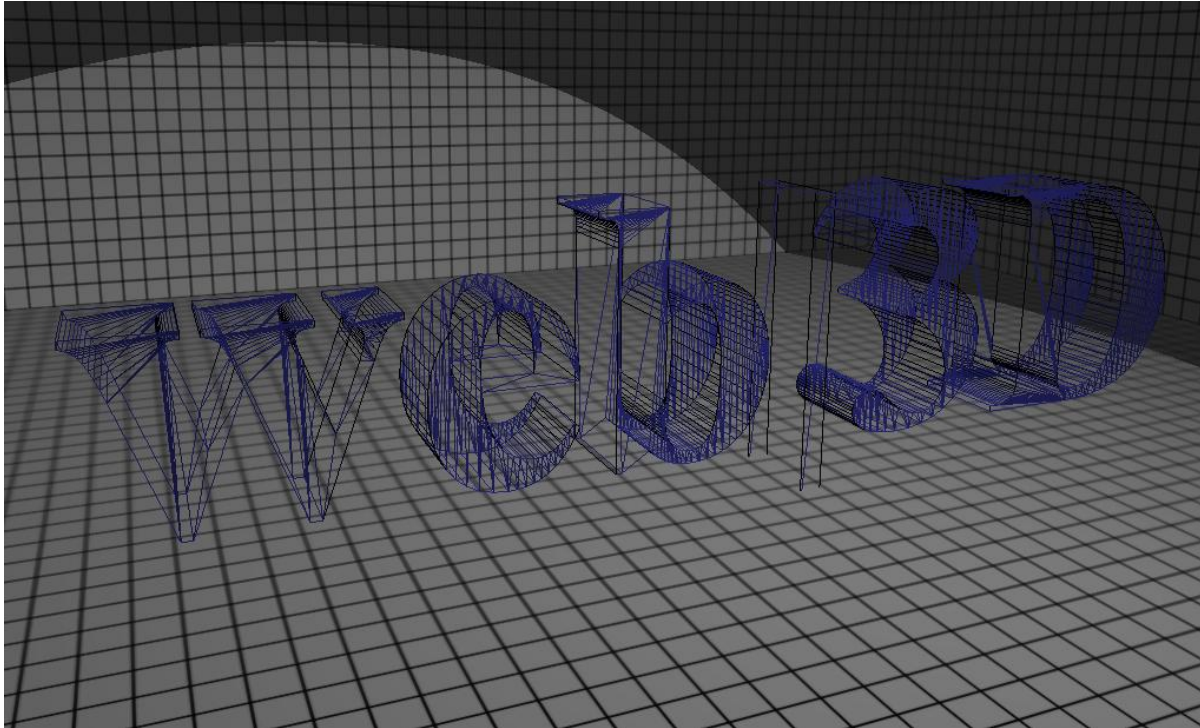


```
CommonVolumeShader : VolumeShader {  
    [...]  
    SFVec3f      [in,out] emissionFactor      0.0 0.0 0.0  
    SFNode       [in,out] emissionTexture     NULL  
  
    SFVec3f      [in,out] absorptionFactor    0.0 0.0 0.0  
    SFNode       [in,out] absorptionTexture   NULL  
  
    SFVec3f      [in,out] scatteringFactor    0.0 0.0 0.0  
    SFNode       [in,out] scatteringTexture   NULL  
    SFNode       [in,out] phaseFunction      NULL  
}
```

- See paper on how these map to physical properties
- PhaseFunction node in paper, too

Our Proposal

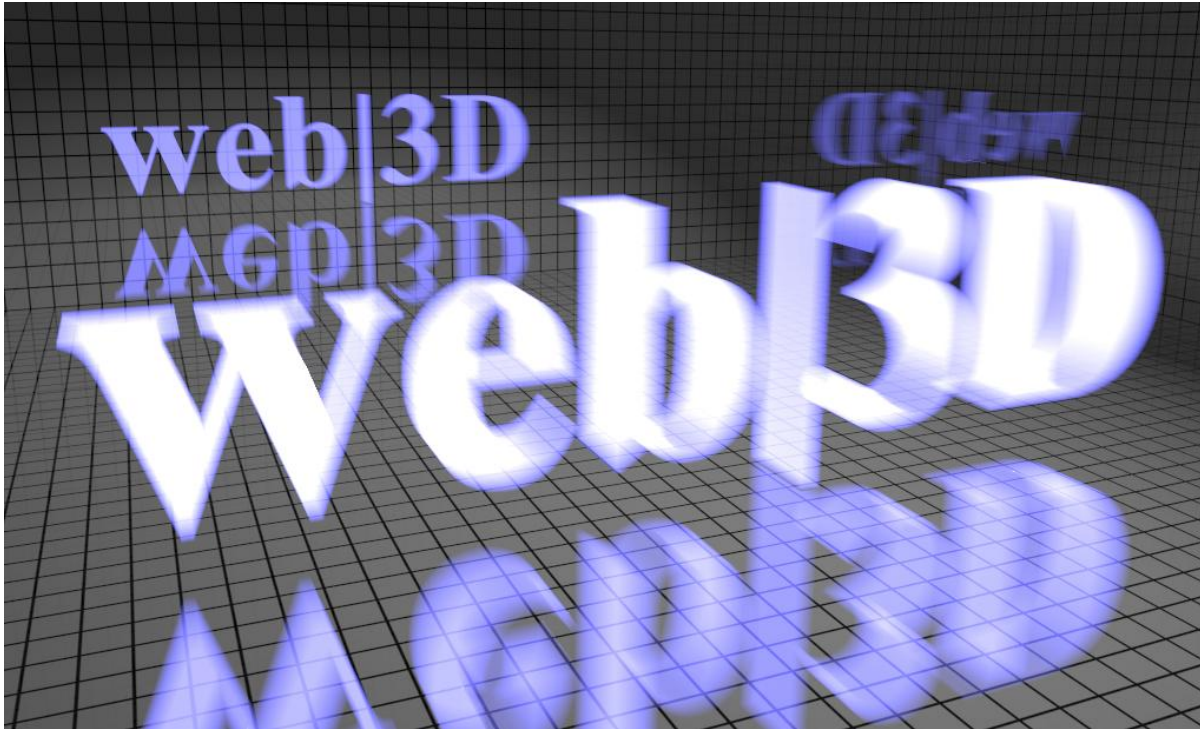
CommonVolumeShader Geometry



```
<Shape>
  <Appearance>
    [...]
  </Appearance>
  <Text string='web|3D' depth='.25' solid='true' resolution='2.'>
    <FontStyle style='BOLD' justify='MIDDLE' family='SERIF'/>
  </Text>
</Shape>
```

Our Proposal

CommonVolumeShader Emission



```
<Appearance>
```

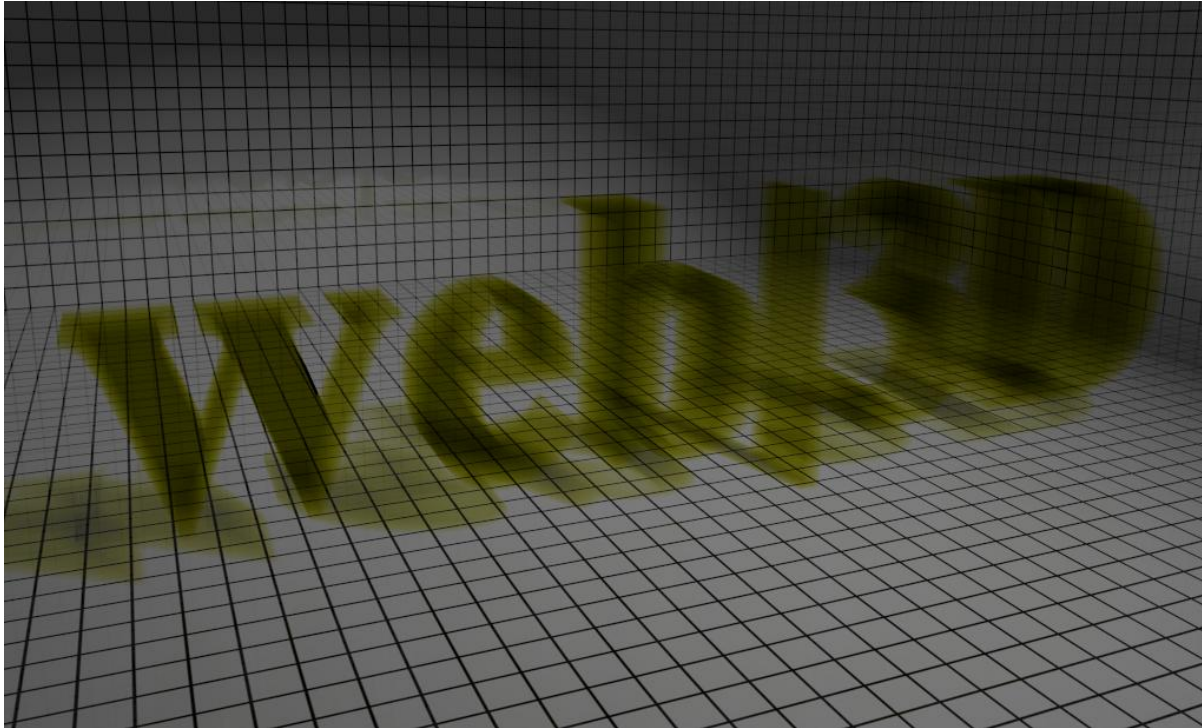
```
  <CommonSurfaceShader diffuseFactor='0 0 0' transmissionFactor='1 1 1' />
```

```
  <CommonVolumeShader emissionFactor='4 4 24' />
```

```
</Appearance>
```

Our Proposal

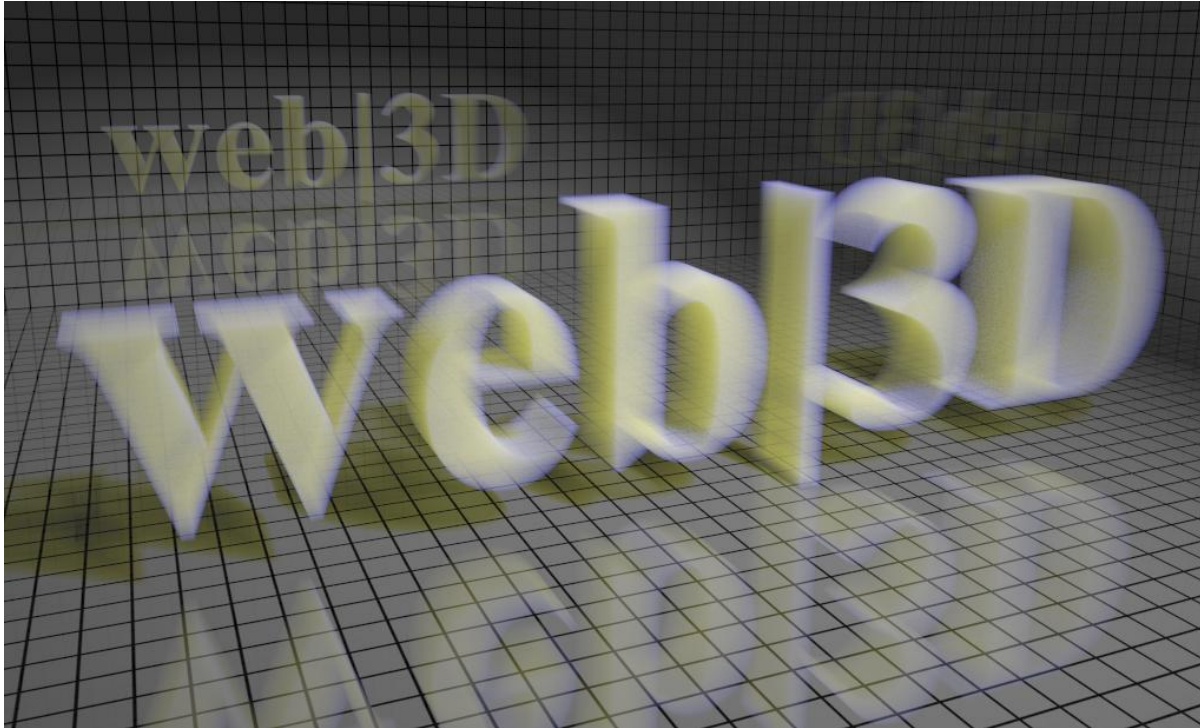
CommonVolumeShader Absorption



```
<Appearance>  
  <CommonSurfaceShader diffuseFactor='0 0 0' transmissionFactor='1 1 1' />  
  <CommonVolumeShader absorptionFactor='4 4 24' />  
</Appearance>
```

Our Proposal

CommonVolumeShader Scattering



```
<Appearance>
```

```
  <CommonSurfaceShader diffuseFactor='0 0 0' transmissionFactor='1 1 1' />
```

```
  <CommonVolumeShader scatteringFactor='4 4 24' />
```

```
</Appearance>
```


Our Proposal

VolumeShaderFog Node



- Binds to Fog bindable stack
- Single Scene-wide VolumeShader
- Primarily for more accurate (lit) fog





- Ray tracer and rasterization pipeline
- Both use ray marching
 - Can be expensive
- Both use only single scattering
 - Wrong for high-albedo media
- Both have problems with nested volumes
- Rasterization has additional problems with
 - Alpha-blended stuff
 - Non-convex volumes

Our Proposal

Limitations of the Node



- Only isotropic emission / absorption
- No fluorescence / phosphorescence
- Only physically plausible media (no effect shaders)



- CommonVolumeShader
 - Compact & portable representation
 - Captures many common materials accurately
 - Basic support not that hard
 - Full implementation tricky



- Address limitations
 - Especially of rasterization implementation
- Implementation for path tracer
 - Multiple scattering
- Flesh out behavior for problematic cases
 - Two shaders selected
 - Nested volumes

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